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APPLICATION NO.	FILING	DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/748,441	12/27	/2000	Wolfgang Daum	9D-HR-19614-Daum et al 4179		
7590 03/23/2005			EXAMINER DINH, MINH			
John S. Beulick						
Armstrong Teasdale LLP ONE METROPOLITAN SQUARE				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 2600 ST. LOUIS, MO 63102				2132		
				DATE MAILED: 03/23/2005	DATE MAILED: 03/23/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)					
		09/748,4	41	DAUM ET AL.					
Office Action Summary		Examine	7	Art Unit					
		Minh Din		2132					
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication aport Reply	ppears on the	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
THE - External control	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a red period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perioure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no eveply within the stated will apply and wute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be tim utory minimum of thirty (30) days ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONEI	nety filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)[\inf	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08	November 2	004.						
·		nis action is n							
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the me								
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	tion of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the application.								
5\□	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>16-20 and 23-31</u> is/are rejected.								
·	Claim(s) <u>21 and 22</u> is/are objected to.								
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicat	tion Papers								
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.							
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 25 July 2002 is/are: a	a)⊠ accepte	d or b)□ objected to b	y the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to th	ie drawing(s) b	oe held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is requir	ed if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the B	Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents.	nts have bee nts have bee ionty docume	n received. In received in Application	on No					
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certi	fied copies not receive	d.					
Attachmer	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) T Interdant Occurre	(DTO 442)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te					
3) 🔯 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/06 er No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/15/2004</u> .	8)	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)					

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Response to Amendment

- 1. The application has been amended as follows: claims 1-15 have been withdrawn; claims 16, 20-21, 25 and 27-30 have been amended.
- 2. A copy of the IDS filed 07/15/2004 is provided with this Office Action. The delay in providing the copy is regretted.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's traversal filed 11/08/2004 regarding the restriction requirement in the previous Office Action has been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The traversal is on the grounds that Group I and Group II are clearly related and that a search for Group I would be relevant to the examination of Group II. This is not found persuasive because Group I is directed to a method for updating keys and Group II is directed to a method for authenticating messages. Groups I and II are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination and the subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, Group II has separate utility such as key generation. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above, the search required for one group is not required for the other group.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.



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- 4. Claims 1-15 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected Group I, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 11/08/2004.
- 5. Applicant's arguments, see page 12, filed 11/08/2004, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 16, 25, 28 and 30 under 35 USC 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, a discovery of new prior art has necessitated new grounds of rejection. The delay in citation of the newly discovered prior art is regretted.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 16-19 and 23-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharrow (6,061,668) in view of Elgamal et al (5,825,890).

Regarding claim 16, Sharrow discloses a method comprising: applying at an appliance communication center an appliance message to an algorithm to generate a checksum value (fig. 2), and transmitting the appliance message and the checksum

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value to the appliance (fig. 2). Sharrow does not disclose maintaining at the appliance communication center a shared message counter, the shared message counter shared between the communication center and a remotely located appliance, and applying both the appliance message and the shared message counter to the authentication algorithm to generate the first authentication word. Elgamal discloses a method for authenticating a message using a message authentication code (MAC). The Elgamal method includes, among other steps, maintaining a shared sequence number, which meets the limitation of a shared message counter, at both ends of a communication channel (col. 18, lines 24-30), applying both a message and a shared message counter to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word (col. 17, line 56 – col. 18, line 6), and transmit the first authentication word with the message to a receiver (col. 18, lines 31-38). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the Elgamal method for authenticating a message using a message authentication code into the method of Sharrow; in particular, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the ad at the time the invention was made to maintain a shared message counter at the appliance communication center and a remotely located appliance, to apply both the message and a shared message counter to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word, and to transmit the first authentication word with the message. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow the receiver of a message to authenticate the message.

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Regarding claim 17, Sharrow further discloses receiving the message at the appliance (fig. 2; col. 3, lines 23-26). Elgamal further discloses applying the shared message counter, as stored in the receiving side, and the received message to an authentication algorithm to generate a second authentication word and comparing the first and second authentication words to determine the authenticity of the message (col. 18, lines 31-38).

Regarding claim 18, Elgamal further discloses incrementing the shared message counter, as stored in the receiving side, after receiving a genuine authenticated message at the receiving side (col. 18, lines 24-33).

Regarding claim 19, Elgamal further discloses using a random number in combination with a sequence number, the random number meets the limitation of an authentication keying variable (col. 18, lines 20-23).

Regarding claim 23, Sharrow and Elgamal do not disclose maintaining a separate shared counter for a plurality of appliances. However, Sharrow discloses that the appliance communication center communicates with a plurality of appliances (fig. 1) and Elgamal discloses that the sequence numbers are specific to a particular pair of entities (col. 18, lines 24-27). Therefore, the feature is obvious by the combination of Sharrow and Elgamal as discussed in claim 16.

Regarding claim 24, Elgamal further discloses incrementing the shared message counter, as stored in the sending side, after transmitting the authenticated message (col. 18, lines 24-30).

Claims 25-26 are rejected on the same basis as claim 23.

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Regarding claim 27, Elgamal further discloses incrementing the shared message counter, as stored in the sending side, after transmitting the authenticated message (col. 18, lines 24-30).

Claim 28 is rejected on the same basis as claim 17.

Claim 29 is rejected on the same basis as claim 18.

Regarding claim 30. Sharrow discloses a method comprising: applying an appliance message to an algorithm to generate a checksum value (fig. 3), and transmitting the appliance message and the checksum to an appliance communication center (fig. 3). Sharrow does not disclose maintaining at the appliance a shared message counter, the shared message counter shared between the appliance and the appliance communication center; and applying both the appliance message and the shared message counter to the authentication algorithm to generate the first authentication word. Elgamal discloses a method for authenticating a message using a message authentication code (MAC). The Elgamal method includes, among other steps, maintaining a shared sequence number, which meets the limitation of a shared message counter, at both ends of a communication channel (col. 18, lines 24-30), applying both a message and a shared message counter to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word (col. 17, line 56 – col. 18, line 6), and transmit the first authentication word with the message to a receiver (col. 18, lines 31-38). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the Elgamal method for authenticating a message using a message authentication code into the method of Sharrow; in particular, it would have been

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obvious to one of ordinary skill in the ad at the time the invention was made to maintain a shared message counter at the appliance and a remotely located communication center appliance, to apply both the message and a shared message counter to an authentication algorithm to generate a first authentication word, and to transmit the first authentication word with the message. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow the receiver of a message to authenticate the message.

Regarding claim 31, Sharrow further discloses receiving the message at the appliance communication center (fig. 2; col. 3, lines 23-26). Elgamal further discloses applying the shared message counter, as stored in the receiving side, and the received message to an authentication algorithm to generate a second authentication word and comparing the first and second authentication words to determine the authenticity of the message (col. 18, lines 31-38).

8. Claims 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sharrow in view of Elgamal as applied to claim 19 above, and further in view of Kaufman et al ("Network Security Private Communication in a Public World"). Sharrow and Elgamal disclose using a shared message counter to generate the first authentication word in claim 16. Elgamal discloses that the authentication algorithm iteratively performs arithmetic or logical operations (col. 18, lines 4-6). Sharrow and Elgamal do not disclose using a directional code to generate the first authentication word, Kaufman teaches using a directional code for authentication (Section 9.3.5 Privacy and Integrity, p. 242, 3rd par). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary

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skill in the ad at the time the invention was made to modify the combined method of Sharrow and Elgamal to use a directional code for authentication, as taught by Kaufman. Accordingly, the directional code is used to generate the first authentication word. The motivation for doing so would have been to be able to prevent a reflection attack. Sharrow discloses a working register (col. 5, lines 1-5). Sharrow does not disclose that the working register comprising at least four bytes, the first three bytes holding the shared message counter the fourth byte holding the directional code. However, the differences between the claimed working register and the working register of Sharrow is a matter of design choice since both store the shared message counter and the directional code.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 21-22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter. Regarding claim 21, the limitations "forming P as the dot product of R2 and R0; forming Q as the bitwise exclusive or of P with the constant expression '01010101'; forming S by adding Q to K; forming S' by end around rotating S; forming T as the bitwise exclusive or of S' and R3; forming F as the bitwise exclusive or of T with a byte of the appliance message; and replacing R3 with R2, R2 with R1, R1 with R0, and R0

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with F", in combination with elements of the parent claims, have not been taught by prior art.

Conclusion

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S. Patent No. 4,918,728 to Matyas et al
 - U.S. Patent No. 6,055,316 to Perlman et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Minh Dinh whose telephone number is 571-272-3802. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri: 10:00am-6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gilberto Barron can be reached on 571-272-3799. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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MD

Minh Dinh Examiner Art Unit 2132

MD 3/20/05

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